WILDCAT RESOURCES LIMITED

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT 2025

Wildcat Resources Limited (ACN 098 236 938) (Company) has adopted comprehensive systems of control and accountability as the basis for the administration of corporate governance. The Board is committed to administering the Company's policies and procedures with openness and integrity, pursuing the true spirit of corporate governance commensurate with the Company's needs.

To the extent applicable, the Company has adopted the 4th edition of the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (Recommendations).

In light of the Company's size and nature, the Board considers that the current Board is a cost effective and practical method of directing and managing the Company. As the Company's activities develop in size, nature and scope, the size of the Board and the implementation of additional corporate governance policies and structures will be reviewed.

PRINCIPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT

1.1	A listed entity should disclose: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	Yes	Information about the respective roles and responsibilities of our board and management (including those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management) is found under the Board Charter in the Corporate Governance Plan.
1.2	A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	Yes	The Company undertakes appropriate checks in accordance with the guidelines for the appointment and selection of the Board in its Corporate Governance Plan. The Company's Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter (in the Company's Corporate Governance Plan) requires the Remuneration and Nomination Committee to ensure appropriate checks (including checks in respect of character, experience, education, criminal record and bankruptcy history (as appropriate)) are undertaken before appointing a person or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a Director. Under the Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter, all material information relevant to a decision on whether to elect or re-elect a Director must be provided to security holders in the Notice of Meeting containing the resolution to elect or re-elect a Director.

1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	Yes	The Company's Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter requires the Board to ensure that each Director and senior executive is a party to a written agreement with the Company which sets out the terms of that Director's or senior executive's appointment. The Company has written agreements with each of its Directors and senior executives.
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board.	Yes	Noted in the letter of appointment of Company Secretary.
1.5	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a diversity policy; (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period: (1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity; (2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and (3) either: (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.	No	The Company has implemented a diversity policy which can be viewed on its website at www.wildcatresources.com.au The diversity policy provides a framework for the Company to establish and achieve measurable diversity objectives, including in respect of gender diversity. The diversity policy allows the Board to set measurable gender diversity objectives, if considered appropriate, and to assess annually both the objectives (if any have been set) and the Company's progress in achieving them. Due to the current size and composition of the organisation, the Board does not consider it appropriate to provide measurable objectives in relation to gender diversity. The Company is committed to ensuring that the appropriate mix of skills, expertise, and diversity are considered when employing staff at all levels of the organisation and when making new senior executive and Board appointments and is satisfied that the composition of employees, senior executives and members of the Board is appropriate.
1.6	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the Board, its committees and individual directors; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	Yes	Process for evaluating board performance is detailed performance evaluation policy which is available of the Company's website. A performance evaluation of the Board was undertaken for the reporting period.

1.7	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	Yes	The Remuneration and Nomination Committee is responsible for evaluating the performance of the Company's senior executives on an annual basis. A senior executive, for these purposes, means key management personnel (as defined in the Corporations Act) other than a non-executive Director. The Company's Corporate Governance Plan provides that the duties of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee include the review of on-going appropriateness and relevance of the executive remuneration and make recommendations to the Board having regard to the executive remuneration policy disclose whether performance. As part of this review, the Remuneration and Nomination Committee will oversee an annual performance evaluation of the executive team.
			During the 2025 financial year, the Chairman reviewed each senior executive over a series of informal discussions to satisfy itself that strategic objectives are being achieved.

PRINCIPLE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO ADD VALUE

2.1	The Board of a listed entity should:	No	The Company has a Remuneration and Nomination Committee. The Committee
	(a) have a nomination committee which:		is made up of three members however only two are independent directors.
	 has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and 		The committee is chaired by an independent director.
	(2) is chaired by an independent director,		
	and disclose:		Those responsibilities are outlined in the Remuneration and Nomination
	(3) the charter of the committee;		Committee Charter which is available on the Company's website and the members
	(4) the members of the committee; and		of the committee, and the number of meetings held during the reporting period are disclosed in the 2025 Annual Report.
	(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or		disclosed in the 2023 Aimain report.
	(b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.		

2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	Yes	The Board has identified that the appropriate mix of skills and diversity required of its members on the Board to operate effectively and efficiently. This is achieved by directors having appropriate and experience. The Board Skills matrix for the current Board is as follows:	
			SKILL/ATTRIBUTE/EXPERIENCE/KNOWLEDGE Independent Age Gender Corporate leadership International experience Industry & sector experience Board experience Capital projects Strategy Development Finance & Accounting Legal & Regulatory Digital & Information Technology Human Resources & People Public Relations, Marketing & Communications Risk & Compliance Capital Markets Stakeholder engagement Environment & Climate Social & Sustainability Governance Competencies	AVERAGE 20% 50.4 20% Female 80% Male 0% Other 2.60 1.80 3.00 2.80 1.80 2.60 2.40 2.20 1.80 2.80 2.40 2.220 1.80 3.00 2.80 2.80 2.40 2.20 2.50 3.00 2.80 2.40 2.20 2.00 2.20 2.00 2.20 2.00 2.20 3.80 3.60d: 2 2.0mited: 1
2.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the Board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director.	Yes	be independent directors as independent. - Fiona Van Maanen (- Jeff Elliott (Independ - AJ Saverimutto (Mar	e Directors. Two of the Directors are considered to and Three directors are not considered to be Independent Non-executive Director): 1.5 years ent Non-executive Chair): 4.5 years. naging Director): 2 years ecutive Director): 5.5 years. The Director): 3 years

2.4	A majority of the Board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	No	The Board is comprised of five Directors. Two of the Directors are considered to be independent directors and three directors are not considered to be independent.
2.5	The chair of the Board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	Yes	The Chairman is independent and not the same person as the CEO
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	Yes	The Remuneration and Nomination Committee, is responsible for the approval and review of induction and continuing professional development programs and procedures for Directors to ensure that they can effectively discharge their responsibilities. The Company Secretary is responsible for facilitating inductions and professional development.

PRINCIPLE 3 – ACT ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY

3.1	A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values	Yes	The Company has a statement of values which can be viewed on its website.
3.2	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code	Yes	The Code of Conduct sets out the principles and standards which the Board, management and employees of the Company are encouraged to strive to abide by when dealing with each other, shareholders and the broader community. The Board is informed when any material incidents are reported under the policy
3.3	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.	Yes	The Company has implemented a whistleblower policy which can be viewed on its website and the Board is informed when any material incidents are reported under the policy.
3.4	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy	Yes	The Company has implemented an anti-bribery and corruption policy which can be viewed on its website and the Board is informed when any material incidents are reported under the policy.

PRINCIPLE 4 – SAFEGUARD INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING

4.1	The board of a listed entity should:	No	The Company has an Audit and Risk Committee. The Committee is made up of three members however only two are independent directors.
	 (a) have an audit committee which: (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and 		The committee is chaired by an independent director.
	 (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and 		Those responsibilities are outlined in the Audit and Risk Committee Charter which is available on the Company's website and the members of the committee and the number of meetings held during the reporting period are disclosed in the 2025 Annual Report.
	(5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or		
	(b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.		
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	Yes	The Company's Audit and Risk Committee Charter requires the Managing Director/CEO and CFO to provide a sign off on these terms. The Company intends to obtain a sign off on these terms for each of its financial statements in each financial year.
4.3	A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor	Yes	Any periodic corporate reports are prepared by the financial controller, reviewed by the CFO and presented to the Board for sign off prior to release to the market.

PRINCIPLE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE

5.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	Yes	The Company's Corporate Governance Plan includes a continuous disclosure program. The Corporate Governance Plan is available on the Company's website.
5.2	A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.	Yes	All material market announcements are circulated to the board via email.
5.3	A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.	Yes	Results presentations and transcripts of the Chairman's address at annual general meetings are released on the ASX Market Announcements Platform as soon as practically possible after the conclusion of the general meeting. Other presentations to new or substantive shareholders or investor analysts are released on the ASX Market Announcements Platform prior to the presentation.

PRINCIPLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS

6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	Yes	Information about the Company and its governance is available in the Corporate Governance Plan which can be found on the Company's website.
6.2	A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.	Yes	The Company has adopted a Shareholder Communications Strategy which aims to promote and facilitate effective two-way communication with investors. The Strategy outlines a range of ways in which information is communicated to shareholders and is available on the Company's website as part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan.
6.3	A listed entity should disclose the policies and processes it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders.	Yes	Shareholders are encouraged to participate at all general meetings and AGMs of the Company. Upon the despatch of any notice of meeting to Shareholders, the Company Secretary shall send out material stating that all Shareholders are encouraged to participate at the meeting.
6.4	A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.	Yes	The company decides all resolutions at a meeting of security holders by a poll.
6.5	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	Yes	The Shareholder Communication Strategy provides that security holders can register with the Company to receive email notifications when an announcement is made by the Company to the ASX, including the release of the Annual Report, half yearly reports and quarterly reports. Links are made available to the Company's website on which all information provided to the ASX is immediately posted. Shareholders queries should be referred to the Company Secretary at first instance.

PRINCIPLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK

7.1	The board of a listed entity should:	No	The Company has an Audit and Risk Committee. The Committee is made up of
	(a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which:		three members however only two are independent directors.
	 has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and 		The committee is chaired by an independent director.
	(2) is chaired by an independent director,		
	and disclose:		Those responsibilities are outlined in the Audit and Risk Committee Charter which
	(3) the charter of the committee;		is available on the Company's website and the members of the committee and the number of meetings held during the reporting period are disclosed in the 2025
	(4) the members of the committee; and		Annual Report.
	(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or		
	(b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.		
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should:	Yes	The Audit and Risk Committee Charter requires that the Board,, should, at least
	(a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the		annually, satisfy itself that the Company's risk management framework continues to be sound.
	risk appetite set by the board; and		The Company's Corporate Governance Plan requires the Company to disclose at
	(b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.		least annually whether such a review of the company's risk management frame has taken place.
7.3	A listed entity should disclose:	No	The Board monitors the need for an internal audit function. The Company has not
	(a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or		had an internal audit function for the past financial year. Due to the size of the Company, the Board does not consider it necessary to have an internal audit
	for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management		function.

7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	Yes	The Audit and Risk Committee Charter requires the Board, i, to assist management determine whether the Company has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.
			The Company's Corporate Governance Plan requires the Company to disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks. The Company will disclose this information in its Annual Report and on its ASX website as part of its continuous disclosure obligations.

PRINCIPLE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY

8.1	The board of a listed entity should:	No	The Company has a Remuneration and Nomination Committee. The Committee is made up of three members however only two are independent directors.
	(a) have a remuneration committee which:		
	 has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and 		The committee is chaired by an independent director.
	(2) is chaired by an independent director,		
	and disclose:		Those responsibilities are outlined in the Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter which is available on the Company's website and the members of the committee, and the number of meetings held during the reporting period are disclosed in the 2025 Annual Report.
	(3) the charter of the committee;		
	(4) the members of the committee; and		
	(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or		
	(b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.		
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	Yes	The Company's Corporate Governance Plan requires the Board to disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of Directors and senior executives, which is disclosed on the Company's website.
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	Yes	The Company's securities trading policy includes prohibitions on hedging & derivative trading in respect of participants in any Company share, option, performance rights or other plan or similar arrangement which limit the economic risk of participating in such schemes. The securities trading policy is available on the Company's website.

PRINCIPLE 9 – ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS THAT APPLY ONLY IN CERTAIN CASES

9.1	A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to the discussions at those meetings and understands and can discharge their obligations in relation to those documents.	N/A	
9.2	A listed entity established outside Australia should ensure that meetings of security holders are held at a reasonable place and time.	N/A	
9.3	A listed entity established outside Australia, and an externally managed listed entity that has an AGM, should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	N/A	